

A-0153

UNCLASSIFIED
SECRET
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 OF 02 MONTEVIDEU 03271 00 OF 02 222240Z
ACTION 10-10

INFO FILE-01 00-01 ARA-00 FPC-01 COPY-01 00-01 00-01 00-01
LPC-01 00-01 00-01 00-01 00-01 00-01 00-01

INFO LSC-00 COPY-01 ARA-00 010-00 100-10 EUR-00 00-00
010-02 00-00 CIAE-00 00-00 0107-00 EXAM-00 ARA-00
010-00 COME-00 00-00 TRDE-00 PR-10 CAP-00 OPIC-07
PA-02 INRE-20 ARA-01 FPC-01 SP-02 PRS-01 OCT-02
P-02 0000 V

-----004473 222240Z /43 65

P 222201Z MAY 87

FM AMEMBASSY MONTEVIDEO

TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 1521

INFO AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES

AMEMBASSY LIMA

AMEMBASSY PARIS

USIA WASHDC 6736

UNCLAS MONTEVIDEO 03271

E.O. 12369: R/A

Tags: ADRC, PHUR, SCOR, UV

Subject: 36TH ASSEMBLY OF INTERNATIONAL PRESS
INSTITUTE: MONTEVIDEO PORTION

Ref: BUENOS AIRES 4055

1. SUMMARY: THE MONTEVIDEO PORTION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRESS INSTITUTE (IPI) CLOSED ON MAY 15 AFTER HEARING SPEECHES FROM PERUVIAN PRESIDENT ALAN GARCIA, MRS. FRANCOIS MITTERAND, AND FOREIGN MINISTER IGLESIAS. GARCIA, WHOSE APPEARANCE WAS NOT DEFINITE UNTIL THE LAST MINUTE DUE TO DISTURBANCES IN LIMA, MADE A LONG AND EMOTIONAL SPEECH DEVOTED MOSTLY TO THE TOPIC OF TERRORISM, WHILE OTHER SPEAKERS RESTRICTED THEMSELVES MORE TO THE TOPIC OF FREEDOM OF THE PRESS. SPEAKING EARLIER, PRESIDENT SANGUINETTI HAD OPENED THE CONFERENCE BY PLEADING FOR A DECLINE IN PROTECTIONISM, WHICH HE SAID IS STRANGLING URUGUAY'S EXPORTS, AND BY PRAISING THE USSR FOR SUPPORTING URUGUAY'S RETURN TO DEMOCRACY AND FOR TAKING A "REASONABLE" ATTITUDE ON PROTECTIONISM. END SUMMARY

2. THE THIRTY-SIXTH ASSEMBLY OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRESS INSTITUTE CLOSED IN MONTEVIDEO MAY 15 WITH ADDRESSES BY PERUVIAN PRESIDENT ALAN GARCIA AND URUGUAYAN FOREIGN MINISTER ENRIQUE IGLESIAS. THE FIRST PART OF THE CONFERENCE HAD BEEN HELD THE PREVIOUS WEEK IN BUENOS AIRES; THE MONTEVIDEO PORTION OF THE PROGRAM INCLUDED THE PARTICIPATION OF AROUND 400 JOURNALISTS, MOSTLY FROM THE FREE WORLD AND INCLUDING A SUBSTANTIAL CONTINGENT FROM THE UNITED STATES. WHILE DEBATE ON CONTROVERSIAL SUBJECTS WAS MINIMAL, THE FINAL REPORT OF THE ASSEMBLY VOICED HARSH CRITICISM OF WHAT IT CALLED AN INCREASING TENDENCY TOWARDS CONTROL OF INFORMATION BY GOVERNMENTS, AND SPECIFICALLY SINGLED OUT PARAGUAY, NICARAGUA AND CHILE AS OFFENDERS, ALTHOUGH THE REPORT OF THE IPI'S HUMAN RIGHTS COMMITTEE LISTED A NUMBER OF OTHER VIOLATORS.

3. SANGUINETTI: PROTECTIONISM IS KILLING US:

THE MONTEVIDEO PROGRAM BEGAN WITH AN HOUR-LONG WELCOMING SPEECH BY PRESIDENT SANGUINETTI WHO REMINDED DELEGATES THAT HE HIMSELF IS A PARITARIO COMMUNIST, AS ARE MOST URUGUAYAN POLITICIANS. HE STRESSED THE PROMINENT ROLE OF THE PRESS IN URUGUAY'S RETURN TO DEMOCRACY, AND THAMED THOSE COUNTRIES WHICH HAD SUPPORTED THIS PROCESS. HE ESPECIALLY MENTIONED

URUGUAY'S SUPPORTIVE STANCE TO THE UNITED STATES, NOTING THAT THE US HAS NOT ONLY SUPPORTED THE RETURN TO DEMOCRACY BUT CONTRIVED TO GIVE EXTREME EVIDENCE OF SUPPORT FOR ITS CONSOLIDATION.

4. THE MAJOR PART OF SANGUINETTI'S SPEECH WAS DEVOTED TO AN ANALYSIS OF LATIN AMERICAN AND URUGUAYAN ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. SANGUINETTI TOOK ISSUE WITH THOSE WHO PREDICTED THE FOREIGN DEBT AS LATIN AMERICA'S MAJOR PROBLEM, ARGUING THAT WHILE THE DEBT IS SERIOUS, THE REAL PROBLEM LIES IN THE FACT THAT LATIN AMERICAN EXPORTERS CANNOT EXPAND THEIR MARKETS TO PRODUCE ECONOMIC GROWTH WHICH WOULD PAY OFF THE DEBT, DUE TO PROTECTIONISM IN THE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES. HE SAID THERE WERE "ORDINOUS SIGNS" OF PROTECTIONIST SENTIMENT RISING IN THE AMERICAN CONGRESS, ADDING "I WANT TO EMPHASIZE THAT THIS IS NOT THE POSITION OF THE U.S. ADMINISTRATION, WHICH HAS BEEN UNDERSTANDING AND TAKEN A REALISTIC POSITION." BUT HE SAVED HIS HEAVIEST FIRE FOR THE EEC, SAYING "I CAN UNDERSTAND WHEN A NATION SUBSIDIZES A SECTOR OF ITS ECONOMY TO PROTECT IT WITHIN ITS BORDERS OR ITS REGION, BUT TO SUBSIDIZE ITS AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, FOR EXAMPLE, IN THE FIELD OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE IS TOTALLY UNFAIR TO SMALL COUNTRIES WHICH FIND THEMSELVES UNABLE TO COMPETE." HE ADDUCES RICE AS AN EXAMPLE, PRAISING THE HIGH QUALITY OF URUGUAYAN RICE BUT ADMITTING THAT IT WAS NOT COMPETITIVE ON WORLD MARKETS BECAUSE OF THE ARTIFICIALLY SUBSIDIZED LOW PRICE OF U.S. AND EUROPEAN RICE. (ADDLY ENOUGH, WHEN THE OFFICIAL TEXT OF SANGUINETTI'S SPEECH WAS HANDED OUT, AFTER A CONSIDERABLE DELAY, THE REMARKS HE HAD MADE CONCERNING THE UNITED STATES DID NOT APPEAR).

5. GARCIA: A MISTAKEN AND HARMLESS GROUP:

AFTER REPEATED ANNOUNCEMENTS THAT HE WOULD AND THEN WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO MAKE THE TRIP TO MONTEVIDEO, ALAN

GARCIA APPEARED AT THE LAST POSSIBLE MOMENT TO CLOSE THE LIST OF VISITING ORATORS. SPEAKING FOR AN HOUR AND THREE-QUARTERS, GARCIA VARIED EMOTIONAL ON THE SUBJECT OF SENDERO LUMINOSO, REFERRING TO THEM AS "A MISTAKEN AND HARMLESS GROUP THAT WARS AGAINST THE ENTIRE POPULATION." THE PERUVIAN PRESIDENT, WHO APPEARED TIRED AND NERVOUS, ADMITTED THAT HE HAD ABANDONED THE ORIGINAL TOPIC OF HIS SPEECH, THE FOREIGN DEBT, IN ORDER TO TALK ABOUT WHAT WAS ON HIS MIND AT THE MOMENT, THE QUESTION OF TERRORISM.

6. CHARACTERIZING PERU'S SITUATION AS "VERY DIFFICULT," GARCIA TOLD HIS AUDIENCE, "WHEN I RETURN TO LIMA, A POLICE STRIKE AFFECTS ME. SUNDAY MARKS THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE CREATION OF SENDERO LUMINOSO, AND ON MONDAY I WILL FACE A GENERAL STRIKE." HE EXPLAINED HIS PRESENCE IN MONTEVIDEO BY ARGUING THAT IT WAS A MATTER OF PRIORITIES. "THE URGENT THINGS, WE WILL WORK OUT; THE IMPORTANT THING, IN THE DEMOCRACY WE ARE BUILDING, IS THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS AND THE LIBERTY OF EXPRESSION, FOR WHICH REASON I CAME TO GREET THIS, THE MOST IMPORTANT OF SUCH MEETINGS." GARCIA DID IN FACT SPEND SOME TIME ON THE DEBT ISSUE, REFERRING TO IT AS "LATIN AMERICA'S FIGHT FOR SURVIVAL", BUT DEVOTED MOST OF HIS TALK TO TERRORISM.

7. GARCIA NOTED THAT SENDERO LUMINOSO IS DIFFERENT FROM THE GUERRILLAS OF THE 1960S, SINCE THEY WERE BASED ON STIMULATING REVOLUTION IN THE NATIONAL WORLD, WHILE SENDERO IS EMOTIONAL AND BASED ONLY UPON HUMAN PASSIONS. HE DESCRIBED "THE EASY PATH" OF THINKING THAT PERUVIAN TERRORISM IS SUPPLIED BY FOREIGN POWERS,

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 02 OF 02 MONTEV 02271 DD OF 02 272200Z
ABOUTING THAT IN PERU, A RISING COUNTRY'S LEADER, VISITING
TO COMMIT VIOLENCE CAN OBTAIN DYNAMITED AND PEOPLE
ASD HIS IF SENDERO HAS OUTSIDE SUPPLIES. CONCLUS
CONCLUDED, HE DISAGREES, "BECAUSE THIS TYPE OF
TERRORISM, SOMEWHAT BIOLOGICAL AND NATIONAL, HAS
CERTAIN GOLDEN RULES, ONE OF WHICH IS THAT GOOD
FIGHTERS GET THEIR ARMS ONLY FROM BRAIN ENEMIES."

B. OTHER SPEAKERS DURING THE FINAL DAY INCLUDED
BRIEILLE MITTERAND, WIFE OF THE FRENCH PRESIDENT,
BLANCO PARTY LEADER WILSON FERREIRA, AND FOREIGN
MINISTER IGLESIAS. THE FRENCH VISITOR, HERSELF A
JOURNALIST, DEFENDED A FREE PRESS AS THE MOST VITAL
ELEMENT IN A FREE SOCIETY. "LIBERTY IS BASED ON ACCESS
TO KNOWLEDGE," SHE SAID, "AND KNOWING ALL ASPECTS OF A
QUESTION HELPS YOU TO HAVE A FREE CHOICE... IT IS A
DIFFICULT PROFESSION, THAT OF BEING THE MOST EXACT AND
EXTERNAL WITNESSES TO ACTIONS." FERREIRA ENJOINED THE
NECESSITY OF "A SENSIBLE MIDDLE WAY" BETWEEN ABSOLUTE
FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION AND CONTROL OF INFORMATION, AND
TOOK A POTSHOT AT THE PROPOSED NEW WORLD INFORMATION
ORDER, NOTING THAT THE PROPOSAL MADE BY UNESCO "HAD
BEEN MET WITH A RESPONSE WHICH IS WELL-KNOWN."
IGLESIAS DEVOTED MOST OF HIS SPEECH TO ECONOMIC
AFFAIRS, URGING JOURNALISTS TO LOOK REALISTICALLY AT
THE SITUATION IN LATIN AMERICA AND BE AWARE OF THE FACT
THAT THE DEVELOPED NATIONS WILL HAVE TO SHOW
FLEXIBILITY OR THROW LATIN AMERICA INTO EVEN GREATER
TURMOIL.

C. HUMAN RIGHTS:

THE INSTITUTE'S HUMAN RIGHTS COMMITTEE, CHAIRED BY A
FORMER AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL CHAIRMAN, SWEDISH
JOURNALIST THOMAS HAMMARBERG, WAS GENERALLY
PESSIMISTIC, NOTING INCREASING TENDENCIES BY
GOVERNMENTS IN LATIN AMERICA, ASIA AND AFRICA TO CLAMP
TIGHTER CONTROLS ON THEIR PRESSES IN THE ALLEGED
INTERESTS OF NATIONAL SECURITY OR OF PROTECTING THEIR
PEOPLE FROM MISLEADING OR CULTURALLY SUBVERSIVE
INFORMATION. IN ADDITION TO SOUTH AFRICA, WHICH WAS
STIGMATIZED AS THE WORST VIOLATOR, HAMMARBERG ALSO
BLASTED THE GOVERNMENTS OF EAST GERMANY, CHINA,
CZECHOSLOVAKIA, EL SALVADOR AND INDONESIA, CITING THE
LATTER POWER'S BLOCKADE OF ACCESS BY JOURNALISTS TO
EAST TIMOR, AND CRITICIZED THE SOVIETS FOR EVADING THE
PROVISIONS OF THE HELSINKI ACCORDS ON FREEDOM OF
INFORMATION.

D. IN ITS FINAL RESOLUTIONS, HOWEVER, THE IPI LIMITED
ITSELF TO CRITICIZING CHILE, PARAGUAY AND NICARAGUA,
CALLING FOR GREATER OPENNESS IN ALL THREE COUNTRIES.
ARGENTINA AND URUGUAY WERE APPLAUSED FOR THE NEW
OPENNESS OF THEIR GOVERNMENTS TO JOURNALISTS, AS WAS
HAITI. OTHER RESOLUTIONS ADDRESSED THE POSITION OF
JOURNALISTS IN LEGANON, ASKED HONG KONG TO CLARIFY ITS
LIMITATIONS ON JOURNALISTS, AND CALLED ON THE PRIME
MINISTER OF SINGAPORE TO LIST RECENT RESTRICTIONS
IMPOSED UPON FOREIGN JOURNALISTS. FINALLY, AFTER THE
ARGENTINE AND URUGUAYAN GOVERNMENTS WERE THROWN, THE
CONFERENCE WAS ADJOURNED, WITH ATTENDEES BEING ENJOINED
TO MEET AGAIN IN TURKEY IN 1988.

WILKEY

DECLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED